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The `dns_route53` plugin automates the process of completing a `dns-01` challenge (`DNS01`) by creating, and subsequently removing, TXT records using the Amazon Web Services Route 53 API.

**Note:** The plugin is not installed by default. It can be installed by heading to [certbot.eff.org](http://certbot.eff.org), choosing your system and selecting the Wildcard tab.
NAMED ARGUMENTS

--dns-route53-propagation-seconds

Number of seconds to wait for DNS to propagate before asking the ACME server to verify the DNS record. (Default: 10)
Use of this plugin requires a configuration file containing Amazon Web Services API credentials for an account with the following permissions:

- route53:ListHostedZones
- route53:GetChange
- route53:ChangeResourceRecordSets

These permissions can be captured in an AWS policy like the one below. Amazon provides information about managing access and information about the required permissions.

Listing 1: Example AWS policy file:

```json
{
    "Version": "2012-10-17",
    "Id": "certbot-dns-route53 sample policy",
    "Statement": [
        {
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": [
                "route53:ListHostedZones",
                "route53:GetChange"
            ],
            "Resource": [
                "*
            ]
        },
        {
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": [
                "route53:ChangeResourceRecordSets"
            ],
            "Resource": [
                "arn:aws:route53:::hostedzone/YOURHOSTEDZONEID"
            ]
        }
    ]
}
```

The access keys for an account with these permissions must be supplied in one of the following ways, which are discussed in more detail in the Boto3 library’s documentation about configuring credentials.

- Using the AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID and AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY environment variables.
• Using a credentials configuration file at the default location, ~/.aws/config.
• Using a credentials configuration file at a path supplied using the AWS_CONFIG_FILE environment variable.

Listing 2: Example credentials config file:

```
[default]
aws_access_key_id=AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
aws_secret_access_key=wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxFiCYEXAMPLEKEY
```

**Caution:** You should protect these API credentials as you would a password. Users who can read this file can use these credentials to issue some types of API calls on your behalf, limited by the permissions assigned to the account. Users who can cause Certbot to run using these credentials can complete a dns-01 challenge to acquire new certificates or revoke existing certificates for domains these credentials are authorized to manage.
EXAMPLES

Listing 1: To acquire a certificate for example.com

certbot certonly \
   --dns-route53 \
   -d example.com

Listing 2: To acquire a single certificate for both example.com and www.example.com

certbot certonly \
   --dns-route53 \
   -d example.com \
   -d www.example.com

Listing 3: To acquire a certificate for example.com, waiting 30 seconds for DNS propagation

certbot certonly \
   --dns-route53 \
   --dns-route53-propagation-seconds 30 \
   -d example.com
Certbot plugins implement the Certbot plugins API, and do not otherwise have an external API.
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